

Which sentence uses the word **repentant** correctly?



Why are the others wrong?

- A. Lucy missed her bus, which made her repentant for school.
- B. Alex felt repentant for winning the maths competition.
- C. John felt very guilty about what he had done; he was repentant.
- D. Dorothy had not done any revision. It was repentant that she would struggle in the exam.

Learning Objectives



Be able to use the word in a sentence

Understand the meaning of the word

Know the word (be able to read and pronounce it)

SO THAT...

I can understand how the word is used in a text, use it in my own writing and improve my vocabulary.

Introduce the word:

BUILDING
BRILLIANT
VOCABULARY

Epiphany

Noun: epiphany



Word example: read the story and discuss

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VOCABULARY

Task 1: Iqra's epiphany

Iqra really struggled to understand Shakespeare. She had been reading *Macbeth* in English for weeks, but just couldn't get what was going on. One day, she stayed behind after school to ask her teacher for more help. Her teacher, Miss Cowley, explained the whole play and all of the important ideas. Finally, Iqra understood. It was like something clicked into place in her head! She was very grateful to Miss Cowley for helping her.

Discuss:

Have you ever had something click into place in your mind, like Iqra?

Introduce the meaning:

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Iqra had a sudden moment of understanding. When someone has a moment of understanding like this, we call this an **epiphany**. An **epiphany** is when you suddenly feel that you understand something, and everything makes sense.

Definition:

An **epiphany** is when you suddenly understand something.

Introduce the meaning:

BUILDING
BRILLIANT
VOCABULARY

Task 2: Epiphany in Christianity

While we most commonly use the word 'epiphany' to describe a moment of sudden realisation or understanding, the word 'epiphany' is also an important word in Christianity.

In Christianity, Epiphany is an event that happens every January. It is a day when people remember when the Three Kings visited Jesus Christ shortly after he was born. This visit is a symbol for the people of the world finally realising that Jesus was the Son of God.

In the Middle Ages, people celebrated from Christmas to Epiphany. Nowadays, Epiphany is seen as less important than it used to be, and many Christians don't celebrate it, even though many people do celebrate Christmas.

Checking your understanding:

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Look at the sentences below. Put a tick in the box if you think the sentence uses the word 'epiphany' correctly. Put a cross in the box if you think it uses the word 'epiphany' incorrectly.

1. Jesus Christ is an Epiphany.
2. As I read the book, I had an epiphany.
3. Please epiphany the truth.
4. During her period 3 maths lesson, she had an epiphany.
5. I need to have an epiphany three times a day.
6. They celebrated Epiphany at church.
7. Wendy didn't believe John when he said he had an epiphany.
8. Ursula still hadn't had the epiphany she had been waiting for.
9. Idris wanted an epiphany for Christmas.
10. When he found it, he had an epiphany.

✓ / ✗



Read about the word:

BUILDING
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To Kill a Mockingbird: Scout's epiphany

In 1960, American writer Harper Lee published her famous novel, To Kill a Mockingbird.

To Kill a Mockingbird is a story about a young girl called Scout and her father Atticus. Atticus is a lawyer who defends a black man in court. The story is set in a time when black people were discriminated against in the USA. Atticus was considered to be very brave for choosing to defend a black man in court. In fact, many people thought he was a bad person for agreeing to defend a black man.

Scout admires her father, and learns a lot of lessons from him. At the beginning of the book, her father says, 'You never really understand a person until you consider things from his point of view... until you climb in his skin and walk around in it.'

At the end of the novel, as Scout walks home one evening, she has an epiphany. She finally understands her father's lesson. She says:

'Atticus was right. One time he said you never really know a man until you stand in his shoes and walk around in them. Just standing on the Radley porch was enough.'

Read about the word:

BUILDING
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VOCABULARY

At the end of the novel, as Scout walks home one evening, she has an epiphany. She finally understands her father's lesson. She says:

'Atticus was right. One time he said you never really know a man until you stand in his shoes and walk around in them. Just standing on the Radley porch was enough.'

Scout has an epiphany. When she stands on the Radley porch (the step to her neighbour's house), she really understands what it means to see something from someone else's point of view, and that we should be kind to people regardless of the colour of their skin.

Writing about the word:

BUILDING
BRILLIANT
VOCABULARY

Look at the following sentence:

She had an epiphany.

This sentence is boring and ambiguous. We can improve this sentence by adding extra information. Use the information you have just read to help you add more information to the sentence:

1. Who?
2. What?
3. Why?
4. Now put all of this information together to make a much more interesting sentence. Write your new sentence in the space below.